10.Clouds3

Thursday, February 10, 2011 3:44 PM

Admin:

- Need help with Expanding Your Horizons, Saturday Feb 26, 9 3. Flow vis for middle school girls.
- Flow Vis Lending Library. Will bring to class once a week or so? Have a look.

Now, apply stability information to clouds

10-		00000	omin	-	-
CIRRUS		come to	- Pro	CUMULONIMBU	S
	and the second	CF (1990)	CIRROCUMU	IUS	
-		10,000 Å	culla de la companya de la company		
	CIRROSTRATUS BRIGHT	23.000 ft	Smills	°C	\mathcal{I}
ALTO	STRATUS DARLER	20,000	4 miles	G	GS-
MUST BE PRECIPITATING	STRATOCUMULI	15:000 R 10:000 R 5:000 R	2 miles 2 miles 2 miles	97° A	
http://cloudappreciationsocie	ty.org/collecting/	1) C ir cu	umulus joined tog oversion, a stable onvection	gether, caused by layer that stops u	an pward

Stratocumulus	Stratus broken up. Top reflects UV, visible
Formation mochanisms:	light, cools (maybe radiates IR to space).
Tormation mechanisms.	Bottom absorbs IR from the earth, warms
	Cool on top, warm on the bottom = unstable,

. ~		Bottom absorbs IR from the earth, warms Cool on top, warm on the bottom = unstable, wants to turn over, breaking up stratus layer.		
		C00L		
		WARM		
	Partial rule of thumb Cumulus = from instability; local uplift Stratus = more stable, from widespread uplift	Earth		
	These are GENUS			
	For info on Species, Varieties and Accessory Clouds http://cloudappreciationsociety.org/collecting/abo classifications/	, see <u>uut-cloud</u> -		
	Interesting book on how clouds were first classified named ~1804, by Luke Howard Richard Hamblyn, The Invention of Clouds: How an Amateur Meteoro the Language of the Skies (Picador, 2002).	l and logist Forged		
	Most common interesting cloud in spri	ng is the		
	Altocumulus lenticularis (higher than 6	500 ft)		
	or			
	Stratocumulus lenticularis (lower)	This is an example of an OROGRAPHIC cloud,		
	or one caused by topography, i.e. mountains Mountain Wave Cloud, trapped or lee			
	Clouds Produced by Vert	STANDING WAVE tically Trapped Mountain Waves		

STANDING WAVE

Occurs in STABLE

atmosphere. — Underdamped

decending air

overshoots, bounces

system,

Clouds Produced by Vertically Trapped Mountain Waves



Clouds that sit right on the Divide = FOEHN cloud wall. From air being forced up over the mountains

Altocumulus lenticularis. Typically 1 to 5 wave crests. http://www.colorado.edu/MCEN/flowvis/galleries/2010/Clouds-1/index.htm Clouds stay stationary, but may move off and reform periodically



Ben Britton, FV 2010

If there's more wave crests, or short wavelengths, it's probably altocumulus undulatus, from gravity waves in the atmosphere, like ripples on a liquid surface. <u>http://www.colorado.edu/MCEN/flowvis/galleries/2007/assignment2.html</u>



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