02.Overview

Tuesday, January 18, 2011

Today:

Admin

Finish First Assignments

Start Overview: Choices in imaging



Admin:

Put signed Use Agreement, Syllabus Agreement, on piles up front.

Reminder, ITLL orientations: For after-hours access and computer login, attend a 1/2 hr tour. Find out what resources are here, agree to not spill drinks on the keyboards. M-Th 5:05 pm, in front of the ITLL office next door. Reservations recommended but not required.

Lecture notes will be posted on the Flow Vis site. Feel free to nag me. First Assignments

http://www.colorado.edu/MCEN/flowvis/course/schedule.pdf

http://www.colorado.edu/MCEN/flowvis/course/initialassignments.pdf

Overview 1: Topics will be presented iteratively.

Previsualization: Have a goal, think about what you want it to look like. Make CHOICES:

- 1. Flow phenomenon: Water boiling? Faucet dripping?
- 2. Visualization technique: Add dye? See light distorted by air/water surface?
- 3. Lighting (source of worst image problems)
- 4. Image acqusition: Still? Video? Stereo? Time lapse? High speed?
- 5. Post processing, final output. Edit, at least crop the image, consider contrast.
- 1. Flow phenomenon: Why does it look like that?

What are the forces? = a framework for interpretation of the image Minute paper. In groups (3 or so) list all the <u>forces</u> that can act on a fluid. Write on a scrap of paper. No names needed.

5:10 PM

1. Flow phenomenon: Why does it look like that?

What are the forces? = a framework for interpretation of the image

Minute paper results:

Viscous Air resistance Composition of fluids Shear Cohesion Densities of fluids Gravitational Adhesion (capillary action) Chemical reactions Buoyancy Normal force Impact Magnetic Wind Stress Inertial Strain Mass Centripedal/centrifugal Thermodynamic Acceleration Pressure Electro-magnetic Temperature Body forces: gravity, buoyancy, EM Compressible Phase change Viscosity, shear, friction Strong, weak nuclear forces Heat — Thermal diffusivity Convection Interaction with other fluids Osmosis Surface tension Solar radiation

Good, inclusive list. Not all are forces, but all can 'drive' a flow via a set of physics or mechanism. Heat, for example.

All forces can be categorized like this: 2 flavors of forces

Body

Acts on every molecule equally

- a) Gravity
- b) Electromagnetics

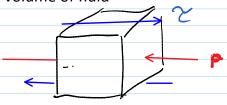
http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=fAbycqD2UmQ Protrude Flow Ferromagnetic fluid (ferrofluid). Iron nanoparticles suspended in oil, follows magnetic field lines.

http://www.colorado.edu/MCEN/flowvis/galleries/2010/Team-2/FV popup1-16.htm

Expensive, but you don't need much (\$30) Check Ebay, Craig's list

Surface

Acts on the surface of a volume of fluid



Pressure: always perpendicular to surface

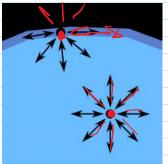
 \mathcal{C} Shear: always parallel to surface

Any surface force can be decomposed into a shear plus pressure

Note: these are actually STRESSES =

Note: these are actually STRESSES = Force acting on an area.

The only force that is not so easily categorized is SURFACE TENSION



It's the result of <u>intermolecular</u> forces, so it affects every molecule, like a body force

But it is only obvious at interfaces between fluids, kind of like a surface force.

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/f9/Wassermolek%C3%BCleInTr%C3%

B6pfchen.svg/300px-Wassermolek%C3%BCleInTr%C3%B6pfchen.svg.png

http://www-math.mit.edu/ ~dhu/Striderweb/striderweb.html

Water-walking insects

Conclusion: Whenever you are observing fluids, list the forces that may be acting, **that make it look like that.**

Examples? Let's look at http://fuckyeahfluiddynamics.tumblr.com/