14.Resolution 2
Monday, March 15, 2010
Today
Last Team 1 images
Reports: UG MEs, need to make sure you refer to physics more, include
at least web-level references. Use self-assessment as check sheet. Ask if you
are unsure where to look for info
Finish Resolution
How much resolution is needed?
Consider range of scales:
3000 px wide image, can see 1:1000 = 3 decades of scales
In flow, scales can be 3 minimum,
For turbulence need 4 or 5 decades minimum $\frac{Spx}{2} = X DECADES$
Same scale considerations as for CFD:
If resolution is increased, is new information seen?
Is it important information?
In CFD, could have different physics $3 - 30_{6}$
In Flow Vis. could lead to misinterpretation of physics and decade
S0→300
Minute paper: In your GW image, how many
decades of length scale was in your flow?
How many did your image capture?
Was your flow spatially resolved?
Examples from GW images; resolved vs not
resolved. What if there aren't two things close
together, how to estimate from an edge
gradient?
Human eye resolution, 74 to >500 Mpx, depending on how you count.
Time resolution

Shutter nomenclature:

2 = 1/2 sec, 20 = 20 1/20th sec etc.

2" = 2 sec

T = time = actuate open, actuate closed

B = bulb = open as long as actuated. Rare now.



To change exposure,

lighten image, overexpose compared to AE suggestion +++ Darken, underexpose compared to AE, -----

Other considerations of shutter speed: Short enough to 'freeze' flow= TIME RESOLVED VS long enough to get desired particle tracks or long enough to be TIME AVERAGED. If long shutter is needed, might be too much light. Try a NDF = Neutral Density Filter. Neutral = all wavelengths equally. Gray. NDF 1 = 1 /10 light transmission. NDF 2 = 1/100 etc. Log scale. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Strickland Falls Shadows Lifted.jpg 30 seconds. NDF 8x



Need a tripod for macros, or shutters > 1/30 sec

Full size start at \$25. Highly recommended
run size start at \$25. fignily recommended.
Several available for checkout.
Estimate motion blur in nivels to guide choice of
estimate motion bian m pixels to guide choice of
snutter speed.
Example:
Field of view = 10 cm
Fluid moving at 0.5 m/s
10 Mpx sensor
Minute paper: what shutter speed will 'freeze'
this flow?
Can tolerate maybe 5 px blur?
10 Mpx ~ 3750 X 2750
0.1 m / 3750 = 2.6 e-5 = 0.000026 m/px = 26μm/px
5 px = 1.3 e-4 m = 0.00013 = 0.13 mm estimated acceptable object displacement <i>x</i>
time <i>t</i> = <i>x</i> / <i>velocity</i>
1.3e-4 m / (0.5 m/s) = 2.6e-4 seconds
2.6e-4 sec = 00026 sec = 260 usec = $1/3750$ Very short. Can your camera do this?
5/3750 - 0.0013 - 0.13% of image width
5/5/50 - 0.0015 - 0.15/0 01 mage width