

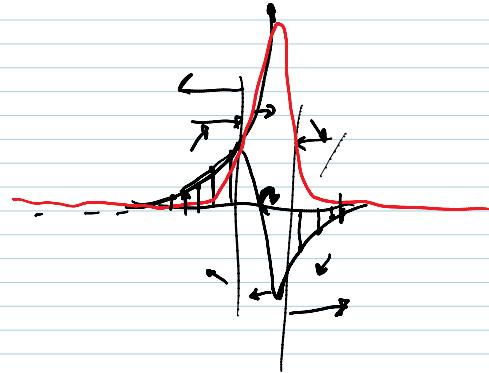
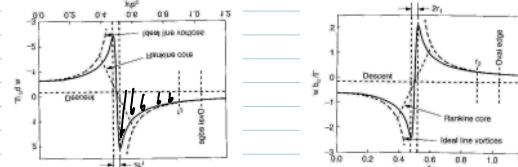
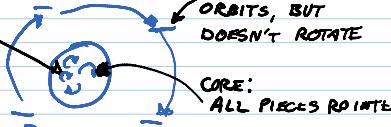
- Today: VORTICITY

Admin: TA Arin Nelson Arin.Nelson@colorado.edu

Vorticity = rotation of a fluid element around its own middle

Vortical fluid = fluid with vorticity

Vortex = Vortical fluid (vortex core), often surrounded by irrotational (non-vortical) fluid

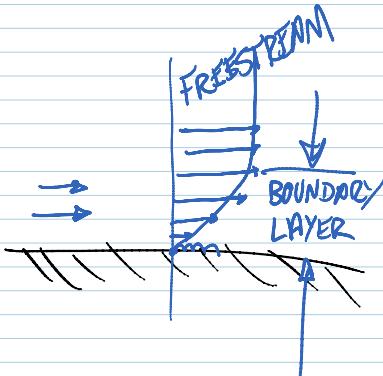


<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=loCLkcYEWD4> 3:30 - 6 min, vorticity in

boundary layer, then irrotational flow around bathtub vortex.

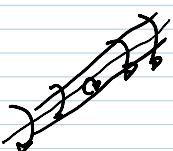
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jI0M1gVNhbw> Parody of NCFM

<http://mccabism.blogspot.com/2014/01/red-bulls-y250-and-batchelor-vortex.html> Nice, short vortex model discussion.



Vortex and vorticity behaviors. Watch for them.

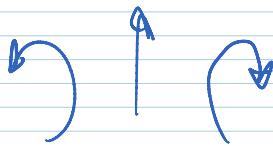
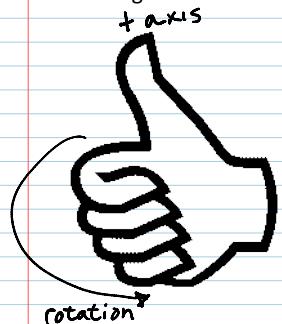
1. Vorticity is created only at boundaries
2. Vortex lines (along the vortex axis) must end at a surface, or form a loop. Can't end in the middle of a fluid.
3. Viscosity makes vorticity diffuse, spread. Will eventually make a vortex die.



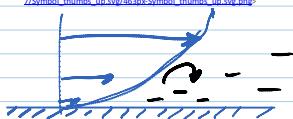
Math& physics references:

- Panton, Ronald L. *Incompressible Flow*. 3rd ed. Wiley, 2005. New edition will have FV image in it.
- Batchelor, G. K. *An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics*. Cambridge University Press, 2000.
- McLean, Doug. *Understanding Aerodynamics Arguing from the Real Physics*. Chichester: Wiley-Blackwell, 2013.

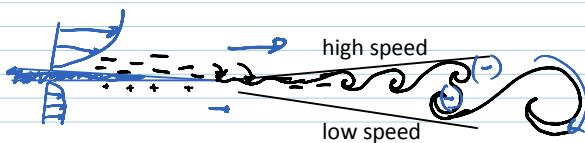
Use right-hand rule to keep track of vorticity



Pasted from
http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/8/82/Symbol_thumbs_up.svg/653px-Symbol_thumbs_up.svg.png.



Boundary layer. Vorticity (negative) is generated at the wall, diffuses outward via viscosity



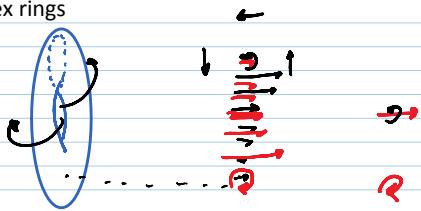
Shear layer. Vortex sheet is unstable, rolls up into vortexes (Kelvin-Helmholtz instability), which then pair and form larger vortexes. This is how shear layers grow. *Hydrodynamic stability theory* can predict initial roll-up frequency, spacing.

Ref: Drazin, P. G., and W. H. Reid. *Hydrodynamic Stability*. 2nd ed. Cambridge University Press, 2004.

4. Like-sign vortexes pair, unlike vortexes cancel.

90

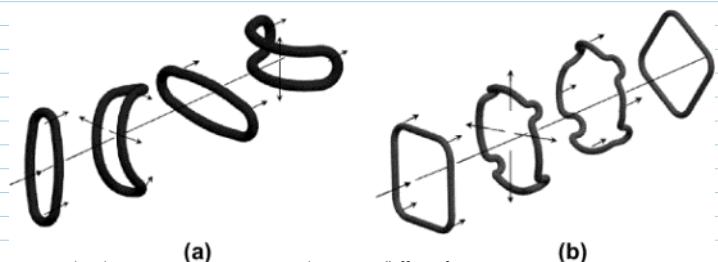
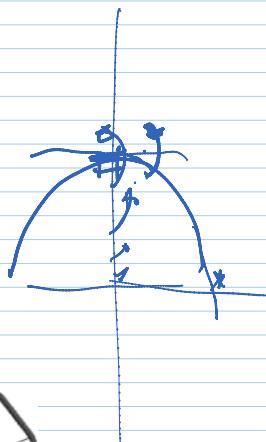
Vortex rings



Self-induction: each part of the ring tries to get the rest of the ring to rotate around it. Net result: every part of the ring moves forward the same.

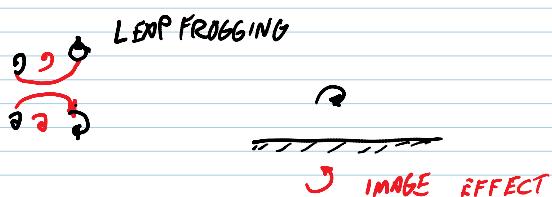
Strength of the self induction goes up as ring curvature tightens: small rings go faster

Elliptic rings: high curvature parts move ahead, increasing curvature on the straighter parts, which then speed up.



Major axis becomes the minor = axis switching.
Up to 7 switches have been seen.

Other interesting vortex ring behaviors:

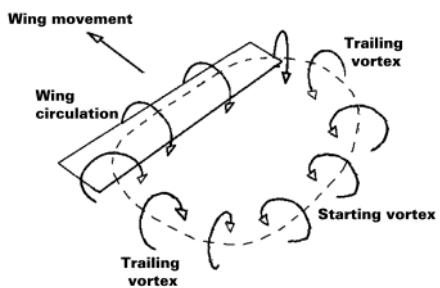


http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j3wJal_AggY

Very short and fast example

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mHyTOcfF99o> Extraordinary vortex rings. Leapfrogging doesn't show net motion. Has dolphins.

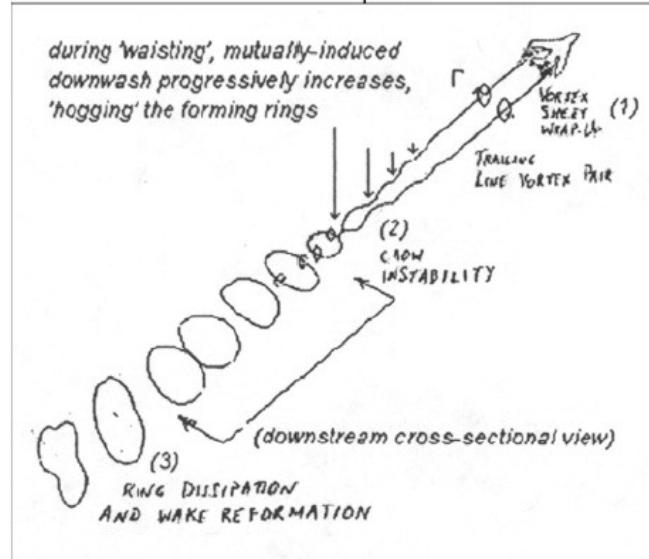
Contrails are long parallel vortexes. Loop forms starting with takeoff, ends on landing



<http://www.regenpress.com/>

The Crow Instability Process

'An instant flurry would likely be the GO trigger to commence reactive control inputs.'



A trailing pair of wake vortices can merge into a series of vortex segments inclined more or less vertically. Hence, upon climb-out, a following aircraft at two-minute takeoff separation could encounter a preceding wake which is not a stable vortex pair, but which is in a state of breakdown or transition. Source: Brown, in NTSB Docket No. SA-522, Exhibit 2-X, Aug. 2002

http://www.iasa-intl.com/folders/the068event/587crows-1_files/crowinstab-1.jpg



Crow instability

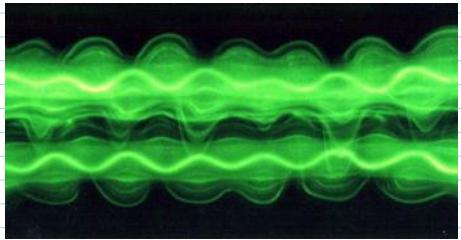
http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/0/05/Contrail_with_crow_instability.jpg/200px-Contrail_with_crow_instability.jpg



<http://science-edu.larc.nasa.gov/contrail-edu/science.php>

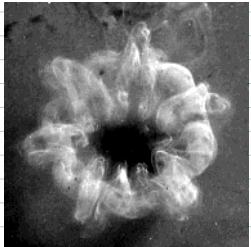
Persistent spreading contrail

Crow (1970) and Widnall et al



Crow (1970) and Widnall et al
(1974)

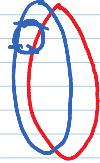
http://www.efluids.com/efluids/gallery/gallery_pages/pair_instability_page.jsp



Widnall instability

<http://iopscience.iop.org/1873-7005/44/1/015501/article>
Collision of vortex ring and granular layer

<http://www.flamingtornado.com/> Fire art by Nate Smith
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fTIW1zucWn8&list=UUj7HhOIDAW1fmoXhhPtnTEw&feature=c4-overview>



BLEVE: Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion

BLEVE (Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion) Demonstration - How It Happens Training Video, 2009.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UM0jtD_OWLU&feature=youtube_gdata_player.
